

Unsafe sleep environments are much more dangerous for babies with **respiratory** symptoms

If your baby has any of the following symptoms, safe sleep is even more important for them:

F Runny nose

**S**neezing

Decrease in appetite

**F**ever

Coughing

**/** Wheezing

If you are concerned about your baby's illness, contact your baby's doctor right away.

# Vaccines can protect your baby from getting sick.

Ask your baby's doctor about vaccines for flu, COVID, and RSV.

# You can help protect your baby. Make sure they SLEEP

SAFE.

Help keep babies safe by following these rules, every night and every nap.



## Alone.

Most sleep-related deaths occur when babies sleep with an adult or another child, or in an adult bed or on a sofa. You can keep your baby close to you by sharing your room with your baby, but not your bed.



### Back.

The safest position for a baby to sleep is on their back. Even when your baby is congested or coughing, babies are *less* likely to choke while sleeping on their backs.



### Crib

When babies are sick, they may be more sluggish and have a harder time adjusting their position to breathe better if their face gets covered. Your baby's sleeping place should be clean and clear. No blankets, pillows, stuffed animals, Boppy, or crib bumpers. Just a tight-fitting sheet on a firm mattress.



# Don't Smoke.

Keep smoke away from your baby-no cigarettes, marijuana, or vaping in your home. Smoke of any kind increases a baby's risk of dying while sleeping, especially babies who are sick.



### Stay Cool.

Babies with fever may overheat more easily because their body temperature may already be higher than normal. Sleeping on their back and uncovered, without blankets, can help prevent overheating.

